

ASTURIAS

Asturias is a country in the north of Spain. The capital of Asturias is Oviedo people call this city "The City of Fountains" there are 20 fountains more or less in this city. Lugones is a small village near the outskirts of Oviedo the name of this quarter is "Corredoria".

The most important park in Oviedo is "San Francisco Park near the "Corte Ingles" a shopping centre.

Near the Corte Ingles this Cathedral of Oviedo in the Camara Santa in which they are kept La Cruz de la Victoria, La Cruz de Los Angeles and La Caja de las Agatas treasures are very important in Asturias:

La Cruz de la Victoria: *La Cruz de la Victoria is a jewel of the Pre Spaniard, kept in the Holy House of the Cathedral of San Salvador de Oviedo and turned into a symbol of Asturias.*

This is a Latin cross with the soul of oak wood covered with gold and precious stones. Has widened the arms at their ends and a small shrine in the centre of his union.

Was made by goldsmiths from the kingdom franc during the reign of Alfonso III.

La Cruz de los Angeles: *La Cruz de los Angeles, is a reliquary in the form of a Greek cross, which is guarded in the holy chamber of the cathedral of Oviedo*

The cross of the Angels is a Greek cross donated by Alfonso II the Chaste for the Cathedral of Oviedo in the year 808 to be the oldest piece of jewellery that is kept in Asturias.

La Caja de las Agatas: *The box sinks or of Agatha is a shrine*



that is located in Santa chamber in Oviedo, Asturias.

This shrine was donated by Fruela II and his wife Nunila as a sign of devotion to the cathedral of Oviedo.

This is a wooden box of pear and rectangular lid on a wooden trolley of the box is covered with sheets of gold arches that are mixed in where the van seamed agates and cabujones which are inserted into the stones. On the flip side of that is cut in the pyramid, there is a plaque carved with a cross and three large stones, it is believed that this board comes from an earlier shrine.



In Asturias there are many Romanic monuments.

The churches of Santa Maria del Naranco and San Miguel de Lillo on Mount Naranco and the Bridge of Cangas de Onís are an example.

Some of the best athletes of Asturias of Spain so as: Villa, Fernando Alonso.

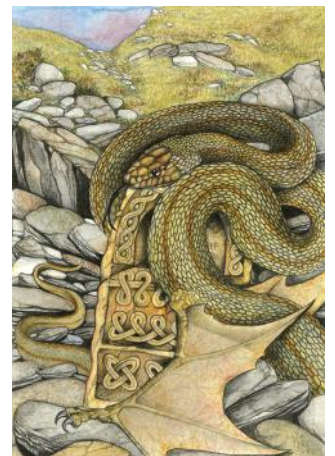
In Asturias in November there is a tradition called Amaguestu is a festival in witch they eat roasted chestnuts and sweet cider of freshly dug llagar is very beautiful.

In Asturias in the Pico de Europe are the lakes and Enol Ercina and at the top of the hill is the Virgin de Covadonga meted in a cave Is the patron of Asturias.



Mythology Asturiana has many legends and fantastic beings:

Cuélebre: *The cuélebre is a winged serpent that guards treasures and characters are delighted. He lives in the potholes, caves and sources of large underground cavity, his breath is foul and poisonous and their whistles are heard at great distances. It attacks and eats people and animals, and their flakes are so tough that reject the bullets. The cuélebre grows incessantly,*



and as is becoming his old scales become larger and heavier, then the land is no longer enough to sustain it and had to leave the Sea Cuajada. It is said that in the bottom of the sea there are lots of riches, but men can not seize them because of the monitoring of cuélebres.

Las Xanas: The Xanas are deities that live in water sources, streams and lakes. His physical appearances is of great beauty and are only displayed at dawn, preferably on the night of San Juan, combing their hair with a comb of gold. They possess great wealth and splendid OUTFITS that tend to dry on the grass, and sometimes appear accompanied by hens with chicken's gold.



The Nuberu: Nuberu the driver is the genius of the cloud and storm. It is said that carrying water for the fields of friends and stone (hail) for the enemies, and is capable of razing anything, even a forest of centuries-Carbayo, in a single download. Despite their enormous power houses and crops and sends elsewhere.



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